Coast Guard, DHS § 146.405

(g) This section does not apply to MODU's merely transiting the waters superjacent to the OCS and not engaged in OCS activities.

[USCG-2008-1088, 76 FR 2262, Jan. 13, 2011]

Subpart D—Vessels—Notice of Casualty

§ 146.301 Applicability.

This subpart applies to vessels engaged in OCS activities other than United States vessels already required to report marine casualties under Subpart 4.05 of 46 CFR part 4 or subpart D of 46 CFR part 109.

§ 146.303 Notice and written report of casualties.

The owner, operator, or person in charge of a vessel engaged in OCS activities shall ensure that the notice of casualty requirements of §146.30 and the written report requirements of §146.35 are complied with whenever a casualty involving the vessel occurs which results in:

- (a) Death;
- (b) Injury to 5 or more persons in a single incident; or
- (c) Injury causing any person to be incapacitated for more than 72 hours.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1625–0001)

[CGD 78–160, 47 FR 9383, Mar. 4, 1982, as amended by USCG–2006–25150, 71 FR 39209, July 12, 2006]

Subpart E—Vessels—Safety and Security Notice of Arrival

SOURCE: USCG-2008-1088, 76 FR 2262, Jan. 13, 2011, unless otherwise noted.

§146.401 Applicability.

This subpart applies to all U.S. and foreign vessels, except those U.S. vessels traveling directly from a U.S. port or place, bound for a place on the OCS and planning to engage in OCS activities. Vessels under this subpart include, but are not limited to, standby vessels, attending vessels, offshore supply vessels, pipelay vessels, derrick ships, diving support vessels, ceanographic research vessels, towing vessels, and accommodation vessels. This

subpart does not apply to MODUs, which are covered under §146.215; nor does it apply to floating facilities, which are covered under §\$146.103 and 146.104.

§ 146.402 Definitions.

For the purpose of this subpart:

Arrives on the OCS means when a vessel enters any OCS block area to commence operations for which it has submitted a Notice of Arrival under §146.405(b)(2).

OCS block area means the names given by the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Regulation and Enforcement (BOE) to define the OCS areas used to facilitate management or leasing on the OCS.

§ 146.405 Safety and Security notice of arrival for vessels arriving at a place on the OCS.

- (a) General. The owner or operator of each vessel subject to this section must submit an initial NOA to the National Vessel Movement Center (NVMC):
- (1) If the voyage time is more than 96 hours, at least 96 hours before the vessel arrives at a place on the OCS from a foreign port or place or from a different OCS block area to engage in OCS activities;
- (2) If the voyage time is less than 96 hours and more than 24 hours, before departure, or;
- (3) If the voyage time is less than 24 hours, at least 24 hours before the vessel arrives at a place on the OCS.
- (b) Information required in an NOA. The following information is required from the owners or operators of vessels submitting an NOA:
- (1) All the information specified in 33 CFR Table 160.206 with the exception of information required in items (2)(iii) through (2)(vi) and item (6). Item (8) is also not required except as pursuant to the laws on vessel entry (19 U.S.C. 1434) and clearance (46 U.S.C. 60105). Vessel owners and operators should protect any personal information they gather in preparing notices for transmittal to the NVMC so as to prevent unauthorized disclosure of that information:
- (2) The area in which they are conducting their operations. This area can be submitted as either the name of the places, the BOE block numbers, or the

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latitudes and longitudes of the places on the OCS where operations are being conducted; and

- (3) If any person onboard, including a crewmember, is not required to carry a passport for travel, then passport information required in Table 160.206, items (4)(iv) through (vi), and (5)(iv) through (vi), need not be provided for that per-
- (c) Updates to a submitted NOA. Unless otherwise specified in this section, whenever the most recently submitted NOA information becomes inaccurate, the owner or operator of that vessel must revise and re-submit the NOA within the times required in paragraph (e) of this section. An owner or operator does not need to revise and re-submit an NOA for the following:
- (1) A change in submitted arrival time that is less than 6 hours;
- (2) Changes in the location, latitude and longitude, of the vessel from the location at the time the NOA was reported; or
- (3) Changes to personnel positions or duties on the vessel.
- (d) Methods of submission. The notice must be submitted to the NVMC by electronic Notice of Arrival and Departure format using methods specified at the NVMC's Web site at http:// www.nvmc.uscg.gov/.
- (e) Required reporting time of an NOA update. The owner or operator of each vessel subject to this section must submit an NOA update:
- (1) If the most recently submitted NOA, or NOA update, differs by 24 hours or more from the current estimated time of arrival, the owner or operator of the vessel must provide an update as soon as practicable but at least 24 hours before the vessel arrives at the OCS location where the owner or operator plans to perform OCS activities;
- (2) If the most recently submitted NOA, or NOA update, differs by less than 24 hours from the current estimated time of arrival, the owner or operator of the vessel must provide an update as soon as practicable but at least 12 hours before the vessel arrives at the OCS location where the owner or operator plans to perform OCS activities; or

- (3) If the remaining voyage time is less than 24 hours, the owner or operator of the vessel must provide an update as soon as practicable, but at least 12 hours before the vessel arrives at a place on the OCS.
- (f) Towing vessels. When a towing vessel controls a vessel required to submit an NOA under this subpart, the owner or operator of the towing vessel, or lead towing vessel if there is more than one, is responsible for submitting only one NOA containing the information required for the towing vessels and the vessel under its control.
- (g) This section does not apply to vessels merely transiting the waters superjacent to the OCS and not engaged in OCS activities.

PART 147—SAFETY ZONES

Sec. 147.1 Purpose of safety zones.

147.5Delegation of authority.

147.10 Establishment of safety zones. 147.15 Extent of safety zones.

147.20 Definitions.

Boxer Platform safety zone. 147.801

Bullwinkle Platform safety zone. 147.803

147.805 Ursa Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.807 West Delta 143 Platform safety zone. 147.809 Mars Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.811 Ram-Powell Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.813 Auger Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.815 ExxonMobil Hoover Floating OCS Facility safety zone.

147.817 Sir Douglas Morpeth Tension Leg Platform safety zone. 147.819 Allegheny Tension Leg Platform

safety zone.

147.821 Brutus Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.823 Enchilada Platform safety zone.

147.825 Chevron Genesis Spar safety zone.

147.827 Marlin Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.829 Matterhorn Tension Leg Platform safety zone.

147.831 Holstein Truss Spar safety zone.

147.833 Na Kika FDS safety zone.

147 835 Magnolia TLP safety zone.

Marco Polo Tension Leg Platform 147 837 safety zone.

147.839 Mad Dog Truss Spar Platform safety zone

147.841 Atlantis Semi-Submersible safety zone

147.843 Thunder Horse Semi-Submersible safety zone.